PRICE LIST OF ACE RESEARCH REPORTS AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS

RESEARCH REPORTS

1.	C.A. Doxiadis, <i>Ecumenopolis, The Settlement of the Future</i> — COF (in English, 1967, 223 pp., 20 illus.)	\$30.00
2.	John G. Papaioannou, <i>Megalopolises, A First Definition</i> — COF (in English, 1967, 86 pp., 12 illus.)	\$15.00
3.	Richard L. Meier, <i>The Influence of Resource Constraint upon Planning for Worldwide Economic Development</i> — COF (in English, 1967, 32 pp., 1 illus.)	ts \$15.00
4.	John Virirakis, <i>Community Index of Satisfactoriness:</i> <i>Effect of Education, Income and Sex</i> — HUCO (in English, 1968, 100 pp., 18 illus.)	\$15.00
5.	J. Tyrwhitt, <i>Highrise Apartments and Urban Form</i> — COF (in English, 1968, 119 pp., 27 illus.)	\$16.00
6.	P. Pappas, <i>Time Allocation Study</i> — HUCO (in English, 1968, 221 pp., 48 illus.)	\$25.00
7.	Graeme D. Sheather, <i>North and Central Great</i> <i>Lakes Region: A General Systems Theory Analysis</i> — COF (in English, 1969, 186 pp., 62 illus.)	\$25.00
8.	A. Mukhopadhyay, Air Pollution by Automotive Sources in Urban Centers with Reference to Athens Metropolita Area — COG (in English, 1970, 172 pp., 43 illus.)	
9.	John G. Papaioannou, <i>Population Projections for Ecumenopolis</i> — COF (in English, 1970, 96 pp., 15 illus.)	\$15.00
10.	Brian J.L. Berry, <i>Megalopolitan Confluence Zones:</i> <i>New Growth Centers in the United States</i> — COF (in English, 1971, 51 pp., 21 illus.)	\$10.00
11.	Evaluation of Human Settlements: An ACE Joint Research Project (in English, 1971, 351 pp., 66 illus.)	\$35.00
12.	C.A. Doxiadis, <i>City for Human Development</i> (in English, 1972, 400 pp., 150 illus.)	\$35.00
13.	Series of Seminars: Mathematics and Ekistics, Methodology and Models for the Solution of Ekistic Problems (in Greek, 1973, 255 pp.)	\$30.00
DEI	DODTS OF THE "ANCIENT ODEEK CITIES"	

RESEARCH PROJECT ANCIENT GREEK CITIES

1.	Arnold Toynbee, An Ekistical Study of the Hellenic City-State (in English, 1971, 154 pp.)	\$20.00
2.	C.A. Doxiadis, <i>The Method for the Study of the Ancient Greek Settlements</i> (in English or in Greek, 1972, 115 pp., 35 illus.)	\$18.00
3.	M. Sakellariou and N. Faraklas, <i>Corinthia-Cleonaea</i> (in English, 1971, 444 pp., 105 illus.)	\$40.00
4.	S. Dakaris, <i>Cassopaia and the Elean Colonies</i> (in English, 1971, 333 pp., 66 illus.)	\$32.00
5.	D. Lazaridis, <i>Thassos and its Peraia</i> (in English, 1971, 207 pp., 73 illus.)	\$28.00
6.	D. Lazaridis, <i>Abdera and Dikaia</i> (in Greek, 1971, 133 pp., 40 illus.)	\$18.00

7.	D. Lazaridis, Samothrace and its Peraia	004.00			
	(in Greek, 1971, 193 pp., 50 illus.)	\$24.00			
8.	N. Faraklas, Sikyonia (in Greek, 1971, 206 pp, 76 illus.)	\$28.00			
9.	D. Theocharis, <i>Prehistory of Eastern Macedonia and Thrace</i> (in English, 1971, 64 pp., 10 illus.)	\$18.00			
10.	N. Faraklas, <i>Troezenia, Calaureia, Methana</i> (in Greek, 1972, 159 pp., 53 illus.)	\$20.00			
11.	N. Faraklas, Phleiasia (in Greek, 1972, 85 pp., 30 illus.)	\$15.00			
12.	N. Faraklas, <i>Epidauria</i> (in Greek, 1972, 220 pp., 78 illus.)	\$30.00			
13.	D. Lazaridis, <i>Amphipolis and Argilos</i> (in Greek, 1972, 174 pp., 43 illus.)	\$25.00			
14.	M. Sakellariou and N. Faraklas, <i>Megaris, Aigosthena, Ereneia</i> (in Greek, 1972, 191 pp., 49 illus.)	\$25.00			
15.	S. Dakaris, Thesprotia (in Greek, 1972, 356 pp., 71 illus.)\$35.00			
16.	D. Lazaridis, <i>Maroneia and Orthagoria</i> (in Greek, 1972, 140 pp., 40 illus.)	\$20.00			
*17.	I. Travlos, M. Petropoulakou, E. Pentazos, <i>Athens, Ekistic Elements — First Report</i> (in Greek, 1972, 84 pp 26 illus.)	., \$15.00			
18.	A. Zois, <i>Crete — Stone Age</i> (in Greek, 1973, 363 pp., 22 illus.)	\$38.00			
19.	N. Faraklas, <i>Hermionis-Halias</i> (in Greek, 1973, 138 pp., 36 illus.)	\$20.00			
20.	D. Lazaridis, <i>Philippi — Roman Colony</i> (in Greek, 1973, 106 pp., 20 illus.)	\$20.00			
21.	M. Petropoulakou and E. Pentazos, <i>Attica, Ekistic Elements — First Report</i> (in Greek, 1973, 270 pp.,				
	32 illus.)	\$35.00			
22.	J.W. Sperling, <i>Thera and Therasia</i> (in English, 1973, 95 pp., 39 illus.)	\$18.00			
23.	A. Petronotis, <i>Megale Polis of Arkadia</i> (in Greek, 1973, 448 pp., 18 illus.)	\$38.00			
24.	I. Kondis, <i>Lesbos and its Peraia</i> (in Greek, 1978, 564 pp., 63 illus.)	\$50.00			
DO	CUMENTATION REPORTS				

D1. Union Catalogue of Scientific Periodicals in Greek Libraries (in English and in Greek, 1971, 790 pp.) \$100.00

BOOKS BY C.A. DOXIADIS

polis, City for Human Development n, 1974, 393 pp., 161 illus.)	\$40.00
polis, the Inevitable City of the Future (with John annou) (in English, 1974, 469 pp., 151 illus.)	\$50.00
Entopia (in English, 1975, 331 pp., 293 illus.)	\$40.00
<i>Human Settlements</i> (in English, 1976, 7 illus.)	\$30.00
	n, 1974, 393 pp., 161 illus.) <i>bolis, the Inevitable City of the Future</i> (with John annou) (in English, 1974, 469 pp., 151 illus.) <i>Entopia</i> (in English, 1975, 331 pp., 293 illus.) <i>Human Settlements</i> (in English, 1976,

Note

ACE : Athens Center of Ekistics

- COF : "City of the Future" Research Project COG : "Capital of Greece" Research Project HUCO : "Human Community" Research Project

* out of print

These publications, though in very limited supply, can be obtained from the Athens Center of Ekistics, 24 Strat. Syndesmou Street, 106 73 Athens, Greece. Price in US\$ includes mailing cost (surface mail).

EKISTICS (modern Greek: OIKI Σ TIKH) is derived from the ancient Greek adjective *oikiotikóç*, more particularly from the neuter plural *oikiotiká* (as "physics" is derived from *φυσικά*, Aristotle). The ancient Greek adjective *oikiστικός* meant: "concerning the foundation of a house, a habitation, a city or a colony; contributing to the settling." It was derived from the noun *oikiστής*, meaning "the person who installs settlers in a place." This may be regarded as deriving indirectly from another ancient Greek noun, *oikiσις*, meaning "building," "housing," "habitation," and especially "establishment of a colony, a settlement or a town" (already in Plato), or "filling it with new settlers": "settling," "being settled." All these words grew from the verb *oikiζω*, "to settle," and were ultimately derived from the noun *oikoç*, "house," "home" or "habitat."

The Shorter Oxford English Dictionary contains a reference to an oecist, oekist or oikist, defining him as: "the founder of an ancient Greek ... colony." The English equivalent of oiκιστική is ekistics (a noun). In addition, the adjectives ekistic and ekistical, the adverb ekistically, and the noun ekistician are now also in current use. The French equivalent is ékistique, the German ökistik, the Italian echistica (all feminine).